



**LAND MANAGEMENT, ENVIRONMENT & SOLID-WASTE:
INSIDE EDUCATION AND BUSINESS IN CENTRAL ASIA
ERASMUS-EDU-2023-CBHE Project Number: 101129032**

MICRO-CREDENTIAL

LAND MANAGEMENT IN CENTRAL ASIA

8.- State Role in Land Resource Management

Quiz

Week 8 – Land Policy



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Quiz: Week 8 – Land Policy

Student Worksheet

Name:

Group:

Date:

Score:

Instructions

Answer all questions. Use complete sentences where required. This quiz covers state land policy, regulation of land relations, government management mechanisms, land legislation, state and land users, and institutional responsibilities.

Part A. Multiple-Choice Questions

1. Which statement best explains the purpose of state land policy?

- A. To maximize short-term extraction from land resources
- B. To guide land use in a fair, efficient, and sustainable way
- C. To replace all local institutions with central ministries
- D. To eliminate all private and community land rights

2. Which tool most directly defines the legal basis of land relations?

- A. Weather monitoring
- B. Land legislation and formal regulations
- C. Population census
- D. Irrigation scheduling

3. A land cadastre is mainly used to:

- A. Set crop prices
- B. Record parcels, boundaries, rights, and related information
- C. Replace planning agencies
- D. Measure rainfall

4. Government land management mechanisms usually include:

- A. Monitoring, planning, control, and information systems
- B. Only taxation
- C. Only irrigation engineering
- D. Only population registration

5. Why is regulation of land relations important?

- A. It helps define rights, responsibilities, and procedures for land use
- B. It removes the need for institutions
- C. It applies only in urban areas
- D. It prevents all land-use change

6. Which of the following is an economic tool of land policy?

- A. Land tax or land-use fee

- B. Contour line
- C. Satellite legend
- D. Village map symbol

7. What is the main benefit of land-use planning?

- A. It replaces legislation
- B. It coordinates land allocation with environmental, social, and economic goals
- C. It stops all change forever
- D. It is useful only in deserts

8. A transparent land administration system is important because it:

- A. Creates uncertainty
- B. Improves trust, accountability, and enforceability
- C. Removes the need for records
- D. Works only without maps

9. Which statement best describes the relationship between the state and land users?

- A. Only the state has duties
- B. Only land users make rules
- C. The state and land users both have rights and responsibilities
- D. Neither side has legal obligations

10. Institutional responsibilities in land management should be:

- A. Unclear and overlapping
- B. Clearly assigned and coordinated across agencies
- C. Limited to one office only
- D. Based only on informal tradition

Part B. True or False

11. Monitoring and control are part of government management mechanisms in land resource management. True / False

12. Land users may include farmers, households, companies, and public institutions. True / False

13. A land policy can influence both rural and urban land use. True / False

14. Clear institutional coordination helps improve land governance. True / False

15. Land legislation has no effect on land management practice. True / False

Part C. Short-Answer Questions

16. Explain why the state needs both legal tools and administrative tools in land resource management.

17. Describe one role of the land cadastre and one role of land-use planning.

18. Why should the rights and responsibilities of land users be clearly defined?

Part D. Applied Scenario Questions

19. A district government wants to convert irrigated farmland into industrial land. What policy tools and institutional checks should be used before approval?

20. A community reports repeated disputes over parcel boundaries and unclear use rights. Explain how legislation, cadastral records, and responsible institutions should work together to solve the problem.